member of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the American Heart Association, the American Society for Physical Research, the American Association for the Advancement of Science and the County and State Medical Societies.

Dr. Knopf was the recipient of many honors, among which were the Alvaranga Prize of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia for his treatise on pulmonary tuberculosis, 1898; the prize of 4,000 marks given in 1899 by the International Tuberculosis Association at Berlin for his essay entitled: "Tuberculosis as a Disease of the Masses and How to Combat It," which has been translated into thirty languages. In 1932, he represented this country at the Congress of the International Union against Tuberculosis held at The Hague.

In the World War, Dr. Knopf was a captain in the Medical Reserve Corps and at his death held the rank of major in the Officers Reserve.

Dr. Knopf was the author of over four hundred books and pamphlets on medical and related subjects.

LEVENE, PHOEBUS AARON THEODORE: 129 East 82 Street, New York City; born in Sagar, Russia, February 25, 1869; died in New York City, September 8, 1940; graduated in medicine from the Imperial Military Medical Academy of St. Petersburg, Russia in 1891; elected a Fellow of the Academy January 7, 1932.

Dr. Levene was member emeritus of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, joining that institution as an assistant in chemistry in 1905 and being elected to membership in 1907. Dr. Levene came to this country in 1892 and began the practice of medicine in New York City, meanwhile enrolling as a special student in chemistry at Columbia University. He studied also in Berne, Switzerland, and in Berlin, Marburg and Munich, Germany. In 1896 he became an associate in chemistry for research at the State Pathological Institute of New York. With the exception of 1900 to 1902, which he spent at the Saranac Laboratory for the Study of Tuberculosis, he held the post at the Institute until 1905 when he joined the staff of the Rockefeller Institute. He was

Herter lecturer in pathological chemistry at New York University 1905 to 1906.

The Willard Gibbs Medal of the Chicago section of the American Chemical Society was awarded to Dr. Levene in 1931, with a citation which described him as "the outstanding American worker in the application of organic chemistry to biological problems" and which mentioned especially his work in stereochemistry and his success in concentrating Vitamin B-2. In 1938, the William H. Nichols medal came to him from the New York section of the American Chemical Society for his "study of the configurational relationships of the simpler optically active organic compounds."

Dr. Levene was a member of the Bavarian Academy, the Royal Society of Upsala, Sweden, the Royal Society of Medical and Natural Science of Brussels and other German, French and Swiss scientific societies. He was a member of the National Academy of Sciences, the American Philosophical Society, the American Chemical Society, the American Physiological Society, the Harvey Society, the Society of Biological Chemists, the Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine, and a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Dr. Levene was the author of numerous papers on proteins, nucleins, carbohydrates, lipoids, problems of stereochemistry, and of the monographs, "Hexosamines and Mucoproteins," 1925, and "Nucleic Acids," 1931.

VAN DER BOGERT, FRANK: 111 Union Street, Schenectady, New York; born in Schenectady, October 4, 1873; died in Schenectady, September 24, 1940; graduated in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine in 1900; elected a Fellow of the Academy February 3, 1916.

Dr. van der Bogert was senior pediatrician to the Ellis Hospital; special lecturer in pediatrics at the Albany Medical College; Chairman of the Medical Advisory Committee, Schenectady Public Schools; a diplomate of the American Board of Pediatrics; a Fellow of the American College of Physicians, the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Medical Association, and a member of the State and County Medical Societies.